Healthy Development Framework (HDF) Built Environment Attributes and Corresponding Indicators

Built Environment Attribute from the Healthy Development Framework (HDF)	Indicators in Healthy Development: Monitoring Map	Data Source	Year	Included in Peel Walkability Composite Indicator (PWCI)
Density:	Gross residential density	Census	2016	Yes
Higher development densities create demand and support for a broader variety of services, employment opportunities, transit and other community destinations/facilities within a closer distance. Increasing the number of destinations in a community creates opportunities for active transportation (walking, bicycling, etc.) which is a key component of creating healthier places to live.	Gross population density	Census	2016	No
	Gross employment density	Employment Survey, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Town of Caledon	2015 - 2016	No
	Gross population- plus-employment density	Census Employment Survey, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Town of Caledon	2016 2015- 2016	No
Service Proximity: Service and employment proximity affect the travel distance between daily destinations, such as home and work. Travel distance has a strong influence on whether people choose to walk or bicycle, rather than drive a car. The goal of	Proximity to frequent transit	Census General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS), City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Metrolinx	2016 2016	Yes
service proximity is to achieve a reasonable cluster of key services and employment opportunities to residences and transport nodes, based on walking distance.	Proximity of employees to frequent transit	GTFS, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Metrolinx	2016	No

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		Employment Survey, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Town of Caledon	2015- 2016	
	Proximity to parks and greenspaces	Census Parks, Peel Data Centre	2016 2016	Yes
	Proximity to food retailers	Census Food Check Peel	2016 2016	Yes
	Proximity to schools	Census Schools, Peel Data Centre	2016 2016	Yes
	Proximity to retail and community services	Census Landmarks, Peel Data Centre	2016 2016	Yes
		Employment Survey, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Town of Caledon	2015- 2016	
Land Use Mix: Providing a range and mix of land uses such as employment, institutional, residential, etc. within a community, as well as within buildings themselves, facilities walking and cycling as	Diversity of land use	Parcel Based Land Use, Peel Data Centre	2016	Yes
	Diversity of housing stock	Census	2016	Yes
	Percent of affordable ownership housing	Affordable Housing Monitoring Data Set, Peel	2015	No

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viable modes of transportation, supports a more compact and efficient urban form and creates the necessary demand and support for public transit.		Data Centre		
Street Connectivity: Creating communities with high street connectivity	Intersection density	Single-line Street Network, Peel Data Centre	2016	No
reduces the distances, promotes active transportation by increasing route options and convenience, and dissipates vehicular traffic throughout the network.	Ratio of pedestrian infrastructure to automobile infrastructure	Sidewalks (Planimetric), City of Brampton, City of Mississauga, Peel Data Centre	2016	No
		Singe-line Street Network, Peel Data Centre	2016	
Streetscape Characteristics: A well-designed	Percent of street tree canopy cover over sidewalk	Land Cover, B.A. Blackwell & Associates Ltd.	2015	No
streetscape improves the safety, comfort and convenience of travelling by foot or bike and makes	Proximity to bicycle networks	Census Trails, Peel Data Centre	2016 2016	No
public spaces more inviting. The streetscape can promote increased	Proximity of employees to bicycle networks	Trails, Peel Data Centre	2016	No
physical activity, community interaction and accessibility, while reducing the incidence of crime and traffic-related pedestrian and cycling injuries.		Employment Survey, City of Mississauga, City of Brampton, Town of Caledon	2015 - 2016	

Built Environment Attribute from the Healthy Development Framework (HDF)	Indicators in Healthy Development: Monitoring Map	Data Source	Year	Included in Peel Walkability Composite Indicator (PWCI)
	Percent of local roads labeled as 40 km/h or less	Single-line Street Network, Peel Data Centre	2016	No
Efficient Parking: Automobile parking is an important amenity to residents and businesses.	Percent of employment land area covered in surface parking	Land Cover, B.A. Blackwell & Associates Ltd.	2015	No
but it can have negative effect on proximity, density, and then aesthetic of the public realm. Abundant, low-cost parking also provides little incentive for residents, employees and shoppers to use active means of transportation. Imperviable surface parking lots negatively impact water and air quality		Parking Lots (Planimetric), City of Mississauga, City of Brampton	2016	
by contributing to stormwater run-off and urban heat island effect.				